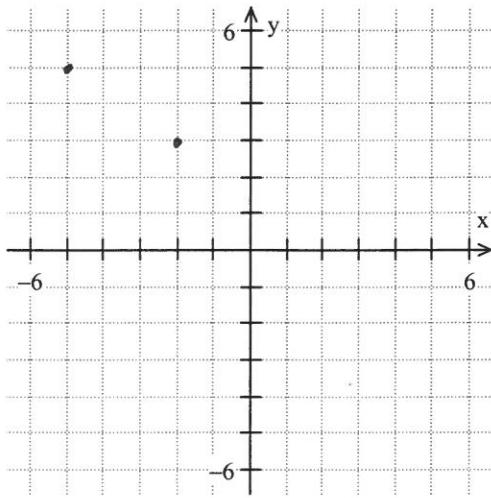


- 1) Complete the table for $2x + 3y = 5$ and plot the points.

x	y
-2	3
-5	5

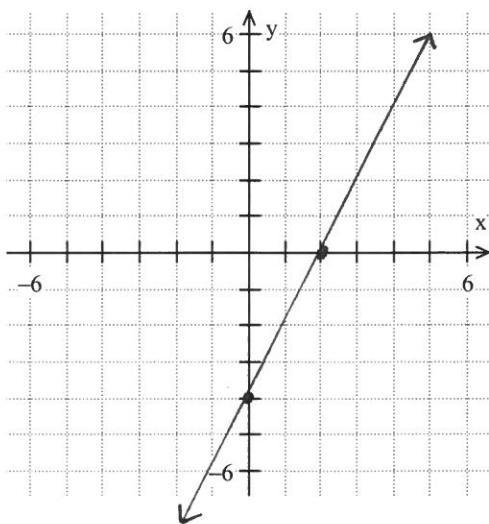
$$\begin{aligned} \text{if } y &= 3 \\ 2x + 3(3) &= 5 \\ 2x + 9 &= 5 \\ 2x &= -4 \\ x &= -2 \quad (-2, 3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{if } x &= -5 \\ 2(-5) + 3y &= 5 \\ -10 + 3y &= 5 \\ 3y &= 15 \\ y &= 5 \end{aligned}$$



- 2) Find the x- and y- intercepts of $2x - y = 4$ and graph the equation

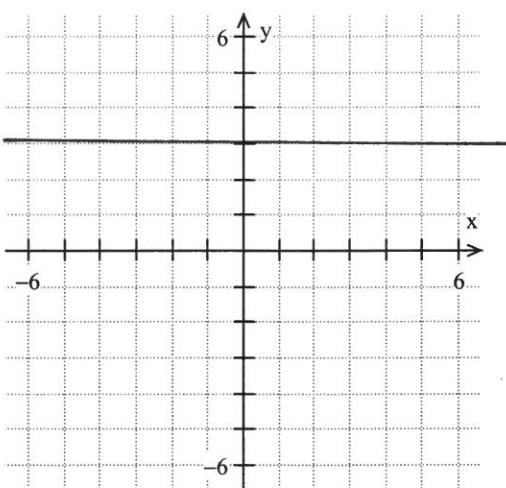
$$\left| \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \text{if } x = 0 \\ 2(0) - y = 4 \\ -y = 4 \\ y = -4 \\ (0, -4) \end{array} & \begin{array}{l} \text{if } y = 0 \\ 2x - 0 = 4 \\ 2x = 4 \\ x = 2 \\ (2, 0) \end{array} \end{array} \right.$$



- 3) Graph the linear equation $y = 3$.

horizontal line

y is always 3



- 4) Find the slope of the line passing through (-4, 5) and (-5, 8)

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{8 - 5}{-5 - (-4)} = \frac{8 - 5}{-5 + 4} = \frac{3}{-1} = -3$$

- 5) Any line perpendicular to $y = 3x + 18$ must have slope $-\frac{1}{3}$.

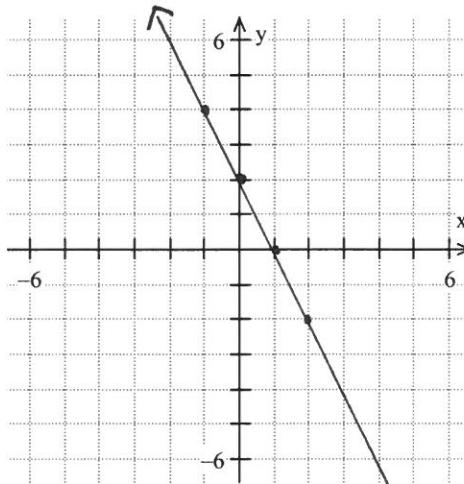
(negative reciprocal)

- 6) What is the slope of the line $-4x + 2y = 8$

$$\begin{aligned} 2y &= 8 + 4x \\ y &= \frac{1}{2}(8 + 4x) \\ y &= \frac{8}{2} + \frac{4}{2}x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 4 + 2x \\ m &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

- 7) a) Graph the line through (-1, 4) with slope -2.



$$m = \frac{-2}{1} \quad \text{down 2, right 1}$$

- b) Find the equation of the line in part a) Give your answer in both slope-intercept form and standard form.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 4 = -2(x - (-1))$$

$$y - 4 = -2(x + 1)$$

$$y - 4 = -2x - 2$$

$$y = -2x - 2 + 4$$

$$y = -2x + 2$$

Slope-intercept form

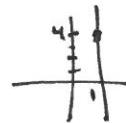
Standard Form

$$2x + y = 2$$

- 8) Find the equation of a line passing through (1, 4) with undefined slope.

undefined slope means line is vertical

equation $x = 1$



- 9) Write an equation of the line through (4,2) parallel to $3x - y = 2$

Slope must be the same as the given line

$$\begin{aligned} -y &= 2 - 3x \\ y &= -1(2 - 3x) \\ y &= -2 + 3x \\ \text{slope } 3 & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ANSWER: } y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - 2 &= 3(x - 4) \\ y - 2 &= 3x - 12 \\ \boxed{y &= 3x - 10} \end{aligned}$$

- 10) Solve each inequality. Give the solution in both interval and graph forms.

a) $\frac{3x-1}{4} > 5$

$$4\left(\frac{3x-1}{4}\right) > 4.5$$

$$3x - 1 > 20$$

$$3x > 21$$

$$x > 7$$

$$(7, \infty)$$



b) $x - 3(x + 1) \leq 5$

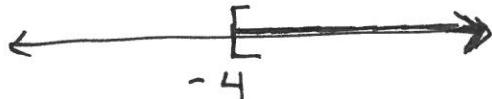
$$x - 3x - 3 \leq 5$$

$$-2x - 3 \leq 5$$

$$-2x \leq 8 \quad \text{flip}$$

$$\frac{-1}{2}(-2x) \geq \frac{-1}{2}(8)$$

$$x \geq -4$$



$$[-4, \infty)$$

c) $-12 \leq -3x + 6 \leq 15$

$$-6 \qquad \qquad -6$$

$$-18 \leq -3x \leq 9$$

$$\frac{-18}{-3} \geq x \geq \frac{9}{-3} \quad \text{flip}$$

$$6 \geq x \geq -3$$

SAME AS

$$-3 \leq x \leq 6$$

$$[-3, 6]$$



11) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ and $B = \{3, 5, 7\}$

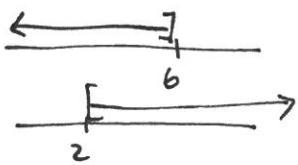
a) $A \cup B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$

b) $A \cap B = \{3, 5\}$

12) Solve the inequality. Give the solution set in both interval and graph forms

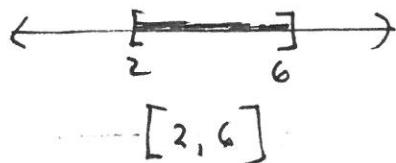
a) $x + 5 \leq 11$ and $x - 3 \geq -1$

$x \leq 6$ and $x \geq 2$



intersect

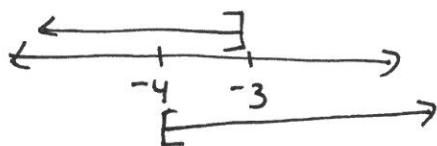
ANSWER



$$[2, 6]$$

b) $3x + 2 \leq -7$ or $-2x + 1 \leq 9$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x &\leq -9 & -2x &\leq 8 \\ x &\leq -3 & \text{or} & \frac{1}{2}(-2x) \geq \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(8) \\ x &\geq -4 & & x \geq -4 \end{aligned}$$

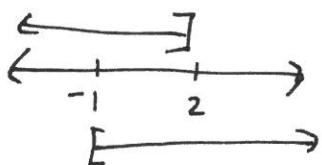


union

ANSWER
 $(-\infty, \infty)$



c) $x < 2$ or $x > -1$



union

ANSWER
 $(-\infty, \infty)$

